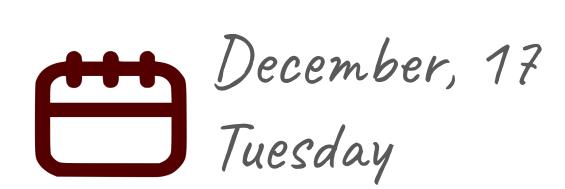


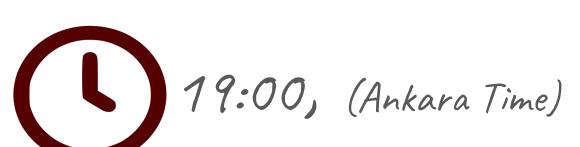
## Alp Sipahigil

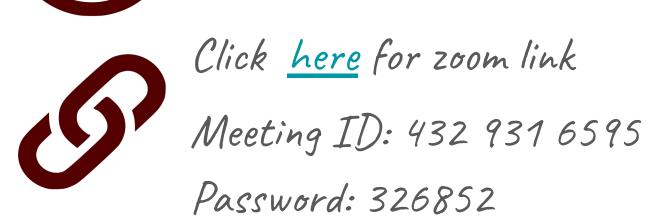
University of California, Berkeley

## Next-generation superconducting qubits via defect and phonon engineering

Fault-tolerant quantum computation requires further advances in lowering physical qubit rates in scalable architectures. In this talk, I will present our work on quantum device physics to enable lower error rates in superconducting quantum processors. I will discuss how defects [1] and interfaces [2] in silicon limit superconducting qubit performance. I will present our discovery of interface piezoelectricity at a superconductor-silicon junction and the impact of this effect on superconducting qubits. I will conclude by discussing our approach using phononics to suppress these loss channels [3].







- [1] Z Zhang\*, K Godeneli\*, et al., arXiv: 2402.17155 (2024)
- [2] H. Zhou et al., arXiv: 2409.10626 (2024)[3] M Odeh et al., arXiv: 2312.01031 (2023)

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